

ACTION STEPS: CAMPUS ADMINISTRATORS

ou are committed to fostering a healthy, productive learning environment for your students. Sadly, sexual violence on campus negatively impacts many students. This tip sheet offers ways in which you can support your college or university in preventing sexual violence.

What is sexual violence?

Sexual violence occurs when someone is forced or coerced into unwanted sexual activity without agreeing or consenting. Reasons someone might not be able to consent include:

- fear
- being underage
- having illness or disability
- incapacitation due to alcohol and other drugs

It is important to note that consent can initially be given and later be withdrawn.

A number of different acts fall into the category of sexual violence, including forced intercourse, sexual contact or touching, sexual exploitation, and exposure or voyeurism. Sexual violence can be committed by school employees, fellow students, students from other schools, or others. For the purposes of Title IX, sexual violence falls under the definition of "sexual harassment."

Sexual violence is never the victim's fault. It does not matter what the victim is wearing or doing, whether the victim has been drinking, or what type of relationship the victim has with the person who is sexually abusing them.

Sexual violence on campus

• One in five women will be a victim of completed or attempted sexual assault while in college. (Krebs, Lindquist, Warner, Fisher, & Martin, 2007)

- One in 16 men will be a victim of sexual assault during college. (Krebs et al., 2007)
- 40% of colleges and universities reported not investigating a single sexual assault in the previous five years (U.S. Senate Subcommittee, 2014)

TAKE ACTION: Mobilize

- Collaboration across campus is critical for sustainable prevention efforts because it ensures that consistent messages about a healthy, safe campus reach students wherever they are. Create a coalition to address sexual violence prevention and response. Include the following people/groups:
- Title IX Coordinator
- Women's Center or other on-campus antiviolence organization
- Student Life/Student Activities
- Student Conduct Office
- Health Services
- Counseling Services
- Housing/Residence Life
- Campus Safety
- Pan-Hellenic and Interfraternity Council
- Academic Department Chairs
- Diversity Office

- International Student Services
- Campus Ministry
- Center for Students with Disabilities
- Campus and Local Law Enforcement
- Human Resources
- Athletics
- Office of Sponsored Research
- Marketing
- Faculty Development
- Women's Faculty Caucus

















- Engage local agencies that specialize in these issues. Contact your state's sexual assault coalition (National Sexual Violence Resource Center [NSVRC], 2014) for information about the local rape crisis center in your community.
- Work with your campus anti-violence coalition to create a comprehensive prevention plan (The White House Task Force to Protect Students from Sexual Assault, 2014b) to address sexual violence. Include diverse strategies that will address multiple segments of the campus population.
- Use data and research to better understand the nature of sexual violence on your campus. You can pull from existing data on reports of sexual violence, information from student surveys or focus groups, or conduct a Climate Survey (The White House Task Force to Protect Students from Sexual Assault, 2014a).

You can support your college or university in preventing sexual violence.

TAKE ACTION: Educate

- Coordinate with your on-campus sexual violence advocates and/or the local rape crisis center to conduct ongoing, mandatory training for faculty, staff, and students.
- As you work to improve your campus' prevention efforts, share them with other colleges and universities. We are all in this together.

TAKE ACTION: Be a role model

- Actively model respectful, equitable behavior to students and other faculty and staff.
- Be an active bystander and intervene (NSVRC, 2013) when you witness inappropriate behavior. If students or colleagues make sexist comments or jokes about rape, speak up and explain why that is not tolerated on campus.

Learn more

- American Association of University Women Ending campus sexual assault toolkit: http://www.aauw.org/resource/campus-sexual-assault-tool-kit/
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Preventing Sexual Violence on College Campuses: Lessons from Research and Practice: https://www.notalone.gov/assets/preventingsexual-violence-on-college-campuses-lessonsfrom-research-and-practice.pdf
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Sexual Violence Prevention: Beginning the Dialogue: http://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/ SVPrevention-a.pdf
- Department of Education Questions and Answers on Title IX and Sexual Violence: http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ ocr/docs/ga-201404-title-ix.pdf
- Futures Without Violence Beyond Title IX: Guidelines for Preventing and Responding to Gender-based Violence in Higher Education: http://www.futureswithoutviolence. org/userfiles/file/PublicCommunications/ beyondtitleIXfinal.pdf
- National Alliance to End Sexual Violence Policy Statement: Campus Sexual Assault: http://endsexualviolence.org/files/NAESVCampusSexualAssaultPolicyStatementFinal-2.pdf



Resources

- Clery Center For Security On Campus: www.clerycenter.org
- Know Your IX: www.knowyourix.org
- American College Health Association: www.acha.org/topics/violence.cfm
- SAFER (Students Active For Ending Rape): www.safercampus.org
- National Sexual Violence Resource Center: www.nsvrc.org
- PreventConnect: www.preventconnect.org
- Not Alone: www.notalone.gov
- It's On Us: www.itsonus.org

References

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